

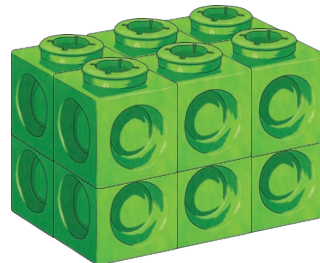
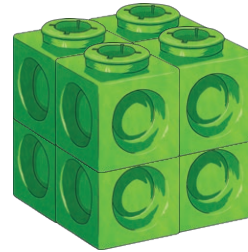
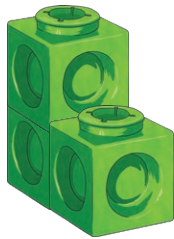
Cube Numbers

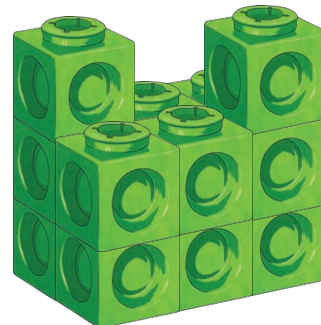
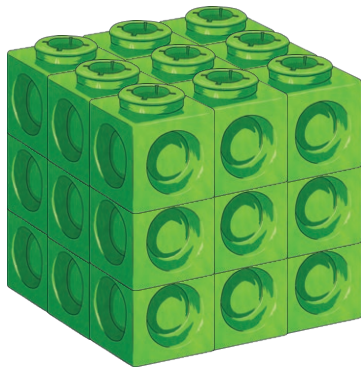
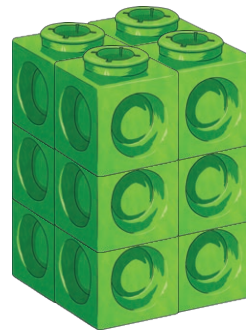
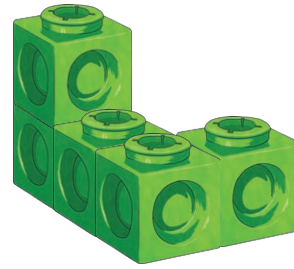
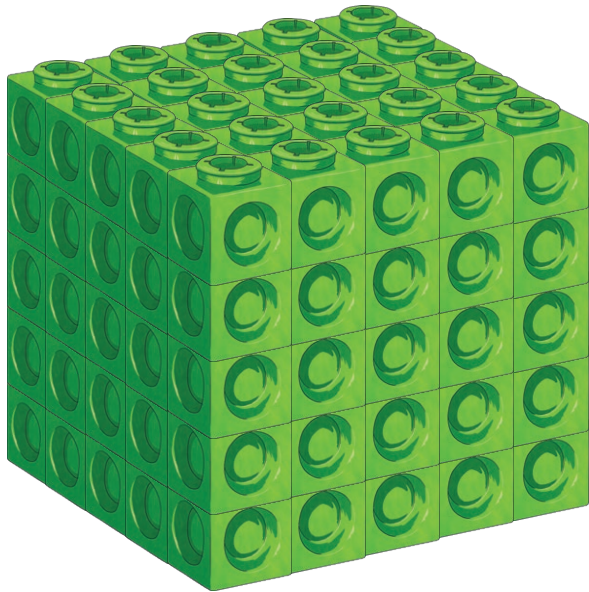
To find cube numbers.

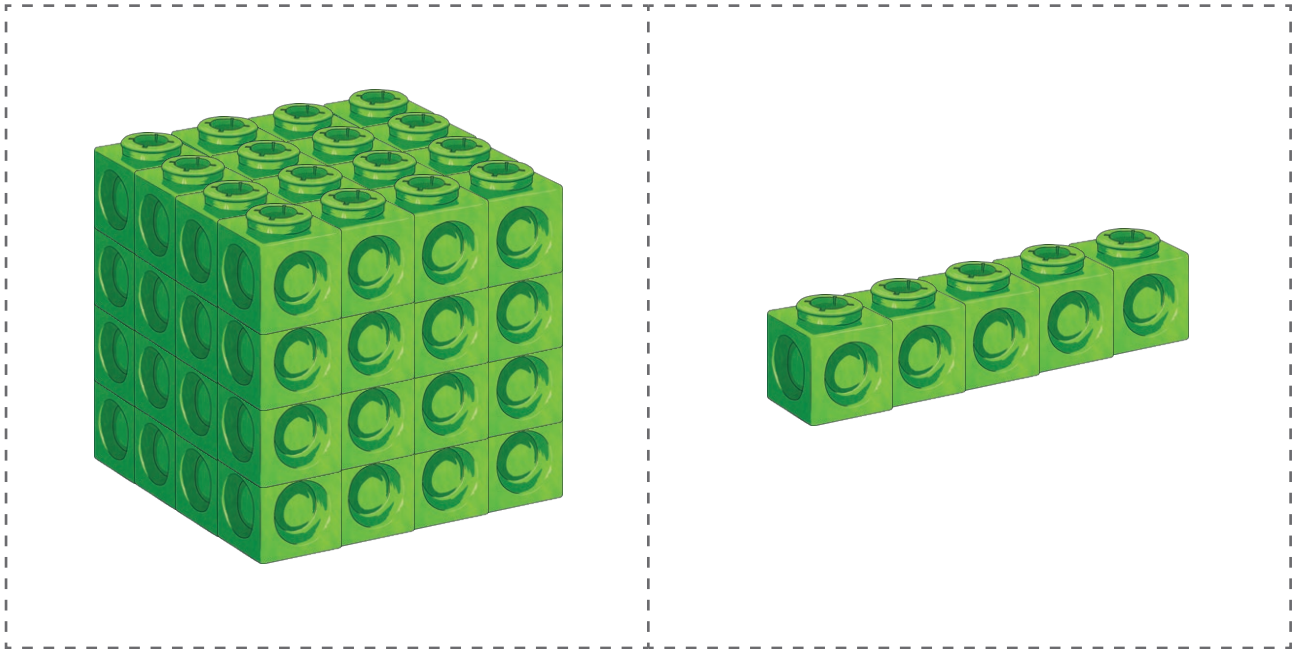


Adult Guided Task

Use the activity cards and question prompts to have a discussion about cube numbers. Consider whether each image is showing a cube number or not and sort them into two piles. You could use sorting hoops to help you sort.







Discussion Prompts

- 1) Does the shape look complete or incomplete? How can you tell?
- 2) How many cubes can you count in total?
- 3) Can you count any dimensions of the shape?
- 4) Do you think this is a cube number or not? How do you know?
- 5) (For cube numbers only)
What calculation would we use to find the cube number for this model?

$$\square \times \square \times \square = \square$$

Cube Numbers

To find cube numbers.



1) Complete the table.

Cube Notation	Calculation	Cube Number
1^3	$1 \times 1 \times 1$	
2^3		
	$3 \times 3 \times 3$	27
4^3		64
5^3	$5 \times 5 \times 5$	
		216

2) Compare these statements using $<$, $>$ or $=$.
Show your working out in the boxes on the right.

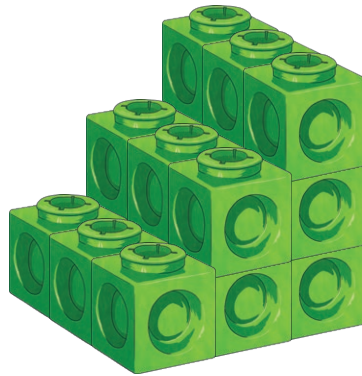
2 cubed 10 - 2

$7 \times 7 \times 7$ $5 \times 5 \times 5$

10^3 100

3 squared 3 cubed

- 3) Careful mathematicians like to prove their thinking using resources!
 Build the model below using interlocking cubes.
 Use the model to complete the maths statements below.



You need to add more cubes to make this a cube number.

The cube number that this model will then represent is .

Each dimension of this cube is , so the calculation to make this cube number is:

$$\boxed{} \times \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

If you add one more cube to each dimension, the calculation and the cube number will become:

$$\boxed{} \times \boxed{} \times \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

Cube Numbers

To find cube numbers.

1) Complete the table.

I used this method to solve the first one:

$$\begin{aligned}6 \times 6 \times 6 &= \\6 \times 6 &= 36 \\36 \times 6 &= 216\end{aligned}$$



Cube Notation	Calculation	Cube Number
6^3	$6 \times 6 \times 6$	216
7^3		
8^3		
9^3		
10^3		
11^3		

2) Sort the numbers using the Venn diagram below.

8

125

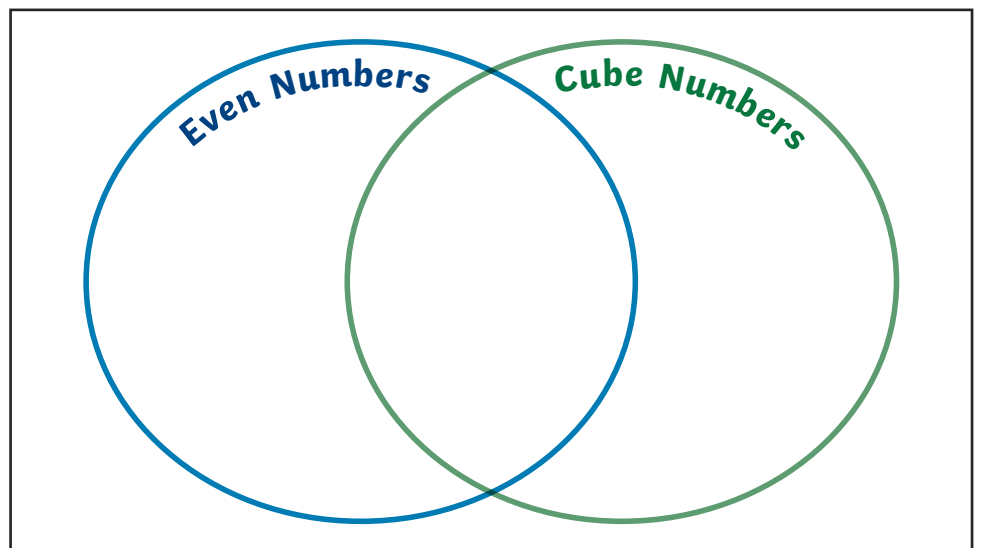
27

216

64

280

122



3) Solve the calculations below. Use the boxes to show your workings.

$$4^3 = 54 + \square$$

$$25 + \square = 3^3$$

$$\square - 25 = 5^3$$

$$\square^3 - 10^2 = 243$$

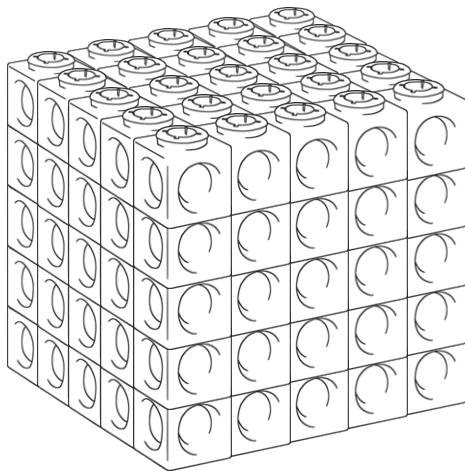
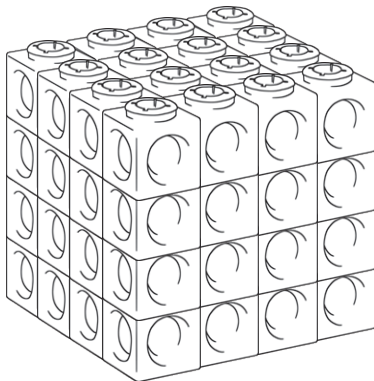
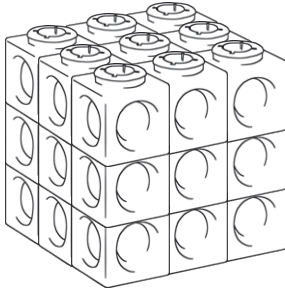
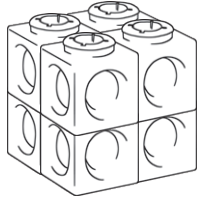
4)



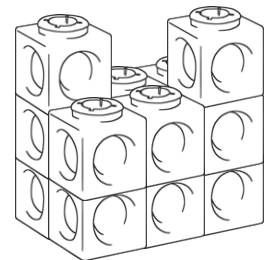
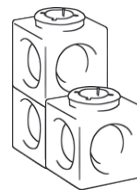
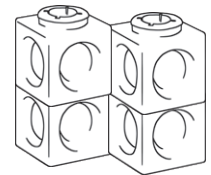
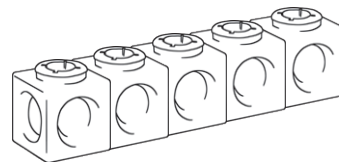
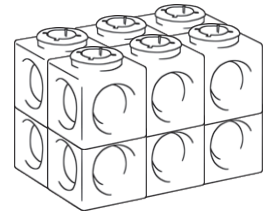
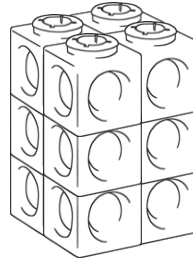
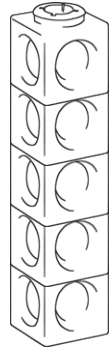
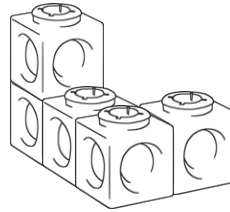
There is only one 2-digit number that is both a square and a cube number! Can you find it? How could you organise your working?

Cube Numbers Answers

Cube Numbers



Not Cube Numbers



Cube Numbers Answers

1) Complete the table.

Cube Notation	Calculation	Cube Number
1^3	$1 \times 1 \times 1$	1
2^3	$2 \times 2 \times 2$	8
3^3	$3 \times 3 \times 3$	27
4^3	$4 \times 4 \times 4$	64
5^3	$5 \times 5 \times 5$	125
6^3	$6 \times 6 \times 6$	216

2) Compare these statements using $<$, $>$ or $=$.
Show your working out in the boxes on the right.

2 cubed $\boxed{=}$ $10 - 2$

$2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$
 $10 - 2 = 8$
 $8 = 8$

$7 \times 7 \times 7$ $\boxed{>}$ $5 \times 5 \times 5$

$7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$
 $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$
 $343 > 125$

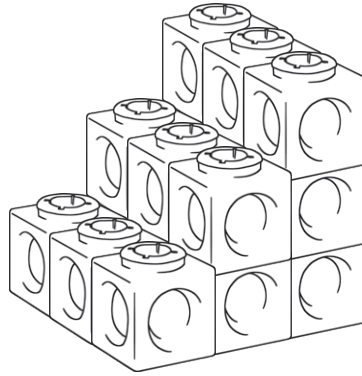
10^3 $\boxed{>}$ 100

$10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1000$
 $1000 > 100$

3 squared $\boxed{<}$ 3 cubed

$3 \times 3 = 9$
 $3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27$
 $9 < 27$

3) Use the model to complete the maths statements below.



You need to add **9** more cubes to make this a cube number.

The cube number that this model will then represent is **27**.

Each dimension of this cube is **3**, so the calculation to make this cube number is:

$$\boxed{3} \times \boxed{3} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{27}$$

If you add one more cube to each dimension, the calculation and the cube number will become:

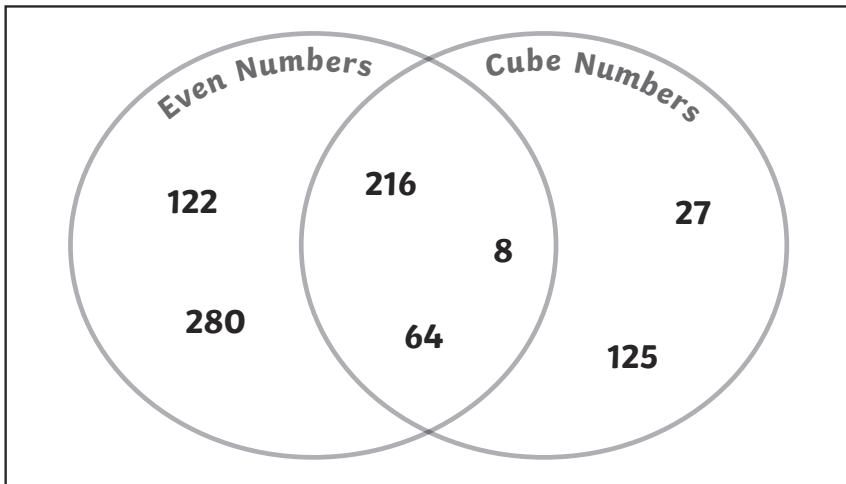
$$\boxed{4} \times \boxed{4} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{64}$$

Cube Numbers Answers

1) Complete the table.

Cube Notation	Calculation	Cube Number
6^3	$6 \times 6 \times 6$	216
7^3	$7 \times 7 \times 7$	343
8^3	$8 \times 8 \times 8$	512
9^3	$9 \times 9 \times 9$	729
10^3	$10 \times 10 \times 10$	1000
11^3	$11 \times 11 \times 11$	1331

2) Sort the numbers using the Venn diagram below.



3) Solve the calculations below.

$$4^3 = 54 + \boxed{10}$$

$$25 + \boxed{2} = 3^3$$

$$\boxed{150} - 25 = 5^3$$

$$\boxed{7}^3 - 10^2 = 243$$

4)

There is only one 2-digit number that is both a square and a cube number! Can you find it? How could you organise your working?

The answer is 64.

A systematic way of working out the answer would be to list all the two-digit square numbers and cube numbers. Then, compare both lists to find which number occurs twice.

Two-digit square numbers: 16, 25, 36, 49, (64) and 81

Two-digit cube numbers: 27, (64)